

1) Riješiti sledeće linearne jednačine s jednom nepoznatom u skupu racionalnih brojeva:

$$a) x + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{21}{2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{21}{2} - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{63-5}{6}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{78}{6}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 13$$

$$b) \frac{3x}{2} - \frac{21}{3} = 3$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{3x}{2} = 3 + \frac{21}{3}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{3x}{2} = \frac{9+21}{3}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{3x}{2} = \frac{30}{3}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{3x}{2} = 10 \quad / \cdot 2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3x = 20$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{20}{3}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 6 \frac{2}{3}$$

II način. Ovaj postupak možemo primijeniti za svaki ovakav zadatak:  $NZS(2,3)=6$

Množimo datu jednačinu sa 6. Praktično, svaki sabirak lijeve i desne strane množimo sa 6.

$$\frac{3x}{2} - \frac{21}{3} = 3$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 9x - 42 = 18$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 9x = 18 + 42$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 9x = 60$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{60}{9}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 6\frac{4}{9}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 6\frac{2}{3}$$

$$c) \frac{x}{4} + \frac{x+1}{2} = -\frac{3}{2} / \cdot 4$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x + 2(x+1) = -6$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x + 2x + 2 = -6$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3x + 2 = -6$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3x = -6 - 2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3x = -8$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -\frac{8}{3}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -2\frac{2}{3}$$

$$d) \frac{3x}{4} + 1 = \frac{2x}{3} + \frac{21}{2} / \cdot 12$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 9x + 12 = 8x + 126$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 9x - 8x = 126 - 12$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 114$$

$$e) \frac{1-x}{2} + \frac{1+x}{3} = \frac{5x}{6} / \cdot 6$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3(1-x) + 2(1+x) = 5x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3 - 3x + 2 + 2x = 5x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 5 - x = 5x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -x - 5x = -5$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -6x = -5$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$f) \frac{x-11}{7} + \frac{x}{4} + \frac{x-1}{14} = \frac{3x}{2} / \cdot 28$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4(x-11) + 7x + 2(x-1) = 42x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4x - 44 + 7x + 2x - 2 = 42x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 13x - 46 = 42x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 13x - 42x = 46$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -29x = 46$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -\frac{46}{29}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -1\frac{17}{29}$$

$$g) 3x - \frac{3}{4} + 2x = 4x + \frac{1}{2} / \cdot 4$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 12x - 3 + 8x = 16x + 2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 20x - 3 = 16x + 2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 20x - 16x = 2 + 3$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4x = 5$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$h) 0,4x + 1,12 - 0,5x + \frac{1}{5} = 0,4 / \cdot 5$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 2x + 5,6 - 2,5x + 1 = 2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 2x - 2,5x = 2 - 1 - 5,6$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -0,5x = -4,6 / \cdot 10$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -5x = -46$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{-46}{-5}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 9\frac{1}{5}$$

$$i) \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{11}{12} = \frac{7}{8}x - \frac{5}{6} \cdot 24$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 18x + 22 = 21x - 20$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 18x - 21x = -20 - 22$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -3x = -42$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{-42}{-3}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 14$$

$$j) 7x - 3(2x + 7) = 8 - 2(x + 1)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 7x - 6x - 21 = 8 - 2x - 2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x - 21 = 6 - 2x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x + 2x = 6 + 21$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3x = 27$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{27}{3}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 9$$

$$k) 7 - 4(x - 1) = 2 - 3(5x - 2)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 7 - 4x + 4 = 2 - 15x + 6$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 11 - 4x = 8 - 15x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -4x + 15x = 8 - 11$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 11x = -3$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -\frac{3}{11}$$

$$l) 6(x - 2) - 4(x - 3) = 9(3x - 1) + 5(x - 2)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 6x - 12 - 4x + 12 = 27x - 9 + 5x - 10$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 2x = 32x - 19$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 2x - 32x = -19$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -30x = -19$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{19}{30}$$

2) Riješiti sledeće linearne jednačine s jednom nepoznatom u skupu racionalnih brojeva:

Napomena: Jednačina oblika  $x : a = b$  ima za rješenje  $x = a \cdot b$

Jednačina oblika  $a : x = b$  ima za rješenje  $x = a : b$ , gdje su  $(a, b \in \mathfrak{R})$

$$a) x : \left(\frac{-3}{5}\right) = 1\frac{4}{21}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x : \left(\frac{-3}{5}\right) = \frac{25}{21}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{25}{21} \cdot \left(\frac{-3}{5}\right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{25 \cdot (-3)}{21 \cdot 5}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{5 \cdot (-1)}{7 \cdot 1}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -\frac{5}{7}$$

$$b) x : \left(-1\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x : \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{4}{9} \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{-12}{18}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$c) \frac{4}{7} : x = -\frac{3}{11}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{4}{7} : \left(-\frac{3}{11}\right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{4}{7} \cdot \left(-\frac{11}{3}\right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -\frac{44}{21}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -2\frac{2}{21}$$

$$d) 3\frac{7}{17} : x = -11\frac{2}{7}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{58}{17} : x = -\frac{79}{7}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{58}{17} : \left(-\frac{79}{7}\right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{58}{17} \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{79}\right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{58 \cdot (-7)}{17 \cdot 79}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{-406}{1343}$$

3) Riješiti sledeće lineame jednačine s jednom nepoznatom u skupu racionalnih brojeva:

$$a) 3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{5}\right) + \frac{2}{3}x = 3x - 2 \cdot \left(\frac{x}{3} - 1\right)$$

Sada u jednadžbi imamo zagrade. Prvo ćemo se osloboditi zagrada, znači izvršiti računске radnje koje zagrade uslovljavaju:

$$\frac{3x}{2} - \frac{3}{5} + \frac{2x}{3} = 3x - \frac{2x}{3} + 2 \cdot 30$$

$$NZS(2,3,5) = 30$$

Pomnožit ćemo lijevu i desnu stranu posljednje jednadžbe sa sa najmanjim zajedničkim sadržaoceom (NZS) nazivnika razlomka koji se pojavljuju u jednadžbi, odnosno sa 30.

Praktično, množimo sa 30 svaki sabirak u jednadžbi. Dakle, dobićemo:

$$\Leftrightarrow 45x - 18 + 20x = 90x - 20x + 60$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 65x - 18 = 70x + 60$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 65x - 70x = 60 + 18$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -5x = 78$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{78}{-5}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -15\frac{3}{5}$$

$$b) \left(2x - \frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{3}{4} = x + 5$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{6x}{4} - \frac{3}{8} = x + 5 \cdot \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 12x - 3 = 8x + 40$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 12x - 8x = 40 + 3$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4x = 43$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{43}{4}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 10\frac{3}{4}$$

$$c) \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(x - \frac{1}{12}\right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{x}{3} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{24} \cdot 24$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 8x - 4 = 12x - 1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 8x - 12x = -1 + 4$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -4x = 3$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$d) 2 \cdot \left( \frac{3}{4} - 7x \right) - \left( x + \frac{1}{3} \right) = 3x - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{6}{4} - 14x - x - \frac{1}{3} = 3x - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{3}{2} - 14x - x - \frac{1}{3} = 3x - \frac{1}{2} / \cdot 6$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 9 - 84x - 6x - 2 = 18x - 3$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 7 - 90x = 18x - 3$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -90x - 18x = -3 - 7$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -108x = -10$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{-10}{-108}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{5}{54}$$

$$e) 3 - \left[ 2x - \frac{1}{2} \cdot (x + 7) \right] = \frac{1}{6} \cdot (x - 4) - 12$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3 - \left[ 2x - \frac{x}{2} - \frac{7}{2} \right] = \frac{x}{6} - \frac{2}{3} - 12$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3 - 2x + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{7}{2} = \frac{x}{6} - \frac{2}{3} - 12 / \cdot 6$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 18 - 12x + 3x + 21 = x - 4 - 72$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 39 - 9x = x - 76$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -9x - x = -76 - 39$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -10x = -115$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{-115}{-10}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 11,5$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 f) 0,7 - 0,8 \cdot \left(x - \frac{7}{4}\right) &= 2x - 5,1 - \frac{14x}{5} \\
 \Leftrightarrow \frac{7}{10} - \frac{8}{10} \cdot \left(x - \frac{7}{4}\right) &= 2x - \frac{51}{10} - \frac{14x}{5} \\
 \Leftrightarrow \frac{7}{10} - \frac{8x}{10} + \frac{56}{40} &= 2x - \frac{51}{10} - \frac{14x}{5} \quad / \cdot 40 \\
 \Leftrightarrow 28 - 32x + 56 &= 80x - 204 - 112x \\
 \Leftrightarrow 84 - 32x &= -32x - 204 \\
 \Leftrightarrow -32x + 32x &= -204 - 84 \\
 \Leftrightarrow 0x &= -288
 \end{aligned}$$

Vidimo da jednačina nema rješenja.

Za samostalan rad:

$$1) \frac{2}{3} : \left(\frac{-x}{3}\right) = -1 + \frac{2}{3}$$

2\*) U jednačini  $\frac{x+a}{2} - 2x - \frac{x+3}{2} = 2$  izračunati parametar **a** tako da rješenje jednačine bude  $x = 3$ .

$$3*) \text{Riješiti jednačinu: } \left| -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{0,1}{0,2} \right| : \left( -\frac{x}{3} \right) = -3$$

$$4) \frac{3x-7}{11} + \frac{2x-5}{3} - 1 = x - \frac{6-x}{33}$$

$$5) \frac{5x-4}{3} + \frac{1-x}{2} - x - 11 = \frac{3x}{6}$$

$$6) 2 \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2} - 5\right) = 11 - 3 \cdot \left(2 - \frac{3x}{4}\right)$$

$$7) 3 \cdot \left(2 - \frac{3x}{4}\right) + 2 \cdot \left(\frac{x}{3} - 1\right) = 2 - \frac{5x}{4}$$